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## ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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<sup>\*</sup>Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	12.6	Constitution of the last of	r
l,	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of	ľ
my kn	showledge and bester the accompanying financial statement	t and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
	17 / 13 / 21	7	as
of		2, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) tha	ı
	ner the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal offic	er or director has any proprietary interest in any account	
classii	sified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:		
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•	(c) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss).	To the law is a	
•	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	Collin	
	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partne	ers' or Sole Proprietors, Capital.	
• •	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Cla	aims of Creditors.	
	(g) Computation of Net Capital.		
	<ul><li>(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requiremer</li><li>(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requ</li></ul>		
_ ' '	(i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of t		
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	<ul><li>(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.</li><li>(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to ex</li></ul>	xist or found to have existed since the date of the previous au	dit.
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\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Financial Statements December 31, 2007

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

L. Rainey Gray
1st BridgeHouse Securities, LLC
Franklin, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of 1<sup>st</sup> BridgeHouse Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of 1<sup>st</sup> BridgeHouse Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Price CPAs, PLLC Nashville, Tennessee

February 28, 2008

# 1ST BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

## **ASSETS**

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$	15,037
Accounts receivable		3,686
Total Assets	\$	18,723
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	4,483
Other current liabilities		2,700
		7,183
MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Members' capital	_	11,540
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$	18,723

## 1ST BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC

## **Statement of Operations**

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

REVENUES	
Investment banking fees	\$ 2,752,457
Reimbursed expenses	16,157
Other income	35,000
Total Income	2,803,614
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Commissions	2,465,303
Regulatory fees	13,599
Professional fees	59,621
Dues and subscriptions	2,430
Insurance	1,507
Bank service charges	605
Marketing	11,652
Printing and reproduction	406
Expense reimbursement	10,209
Other taxes	900
Total Expenses	2,566,232
OPERATING INCOME	237,382
Other Deductions	
Officer Salary Distributions	234,150
NET INCOME	\$ 3,232

## 1ST BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NET INCOME	\$ 3,232
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	 (500)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 2,732

## 1ST BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Members' Equity - Beginning of Year	\$	8,808
Net Income		3,232
Items of other comprehensive income: Unrealized loss on investments	<u></u>	(500)
Members' Equity - End of Year	\$	11,540

## 1ST BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Banking Fees	\$ 2	,752,457
Reimbursed Expenses		16,879
Other Income		35,000
Cash Paid to Agents and Consultants	(2	,800,495)
Cash Due from Clients		(3,686)
Cash Due to Clients		2,700
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		2,855
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,855
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		12,182
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	15,037
Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash		
Net Income	\$	3,232
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Increase in Accounts Receivable		(2,965)
Decrease in Accounts Payable		(112)
Increase in Other Current Liabilities		2,700
Total Adjustments		(377)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	2,855

## 1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

### Note 1 - Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

1<sup>st</sup> BridgeHouse Securities, LLC (the Company) is a boutique investment banking firm focused on private placements of senior and subordinate debt and equity securities to institutional and private investors and providing mergers and acquisition financial advisory services for medium to smaller firms. The Company is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company was formed in 1998 as a Tennessee Limited Liability Company.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The books and records of the Company are maintained on the accrual basis for financial reporting purposes, which means that revenue is recognized as it is earned and expenditures are recognized as incurred.

#### **Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company is not a taxpaying entity for federal income tax purposes, and, accordingly, no income tax expense or benefit has been recorded in these financial statements. Income or losses from the Company are reflected in the Members' individual income tax returns.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2007

#### Note 1 - Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consisting of stock purchase warrants are classified as "available for sale." Securities classified as "available for sale" are carried on the financial statements at fair market value. Available-for-sale securities are measured at fair value, with net unrealized gains and losses reported in other comprehensive income. Fair values for marketable securities are based on quoted market prices. An allowance for unrealized gains has been established at this date. Unrealized holding gains and losses for available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of members' equity, as Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

#### Comprehensive Income

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income (SFAS 130), requires the reporting of comprehensive income in addition to net income from operations. Comprehensive income is a more inclusive financial reporting methodology that includes disclosures of certain financial information that historically has not been recognized in the calculation of net income. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company's comprehensive income is presented on the Statement of Comprehensive Income, and includes unrealized losses on marketable securities.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company considers all accounts outstanding in excess of ninety (90) days delinquent. These accounts are evaluated on a client-by-client basis based on payment history to determine the allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities which represent financial instruments approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

#### Note 2 - Credit Risk and Other Concentrations

The Organization maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts at regional financial institutions, which at times, may exceed the FDIC limit of \$100,000. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

## 1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2007

#### Note 3 – Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires that a Broker/Dealer's aggregate indebtedness, as defined, shall not exceed fifteen times net capital, subject to a minimum net capital requirement. Minimum net capital for the Company is \$5,000; however, the Company cannot distribute income to its members until the capital is at least 120% of the minimum net capital, or \$6,000 as of December 31, 2007. The Company had net capital of \$7,854 at December 31, 2007, which was \$2,854 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000.

#### Note 4 - Exemption of SEC Rule 15c3-3 Reserve Requirement

The Company is exempt from the provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

## 1ST BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2007

Total members' equity	\$ 11,540
Less nonallowable assets: Accounts receivable	3,686
Net capital (agrees to Company's December 31, 2007 Focus Report - Part IIA)	7,854
Net capital required	5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 2,854

## 1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 December 31, 2007

The Company is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3 under Section K(2)(ii) of the Rule.

## 1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 December 31, 2007

The Company is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3 under Section K(2)(ii) of the Rule.

1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Reconciliation Between the Audited and Unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with Respect to Methods of Consolidation December 31, 2007

Not Applicable

## 1<sup>ST</sup> BRIDGEHOUSE SECURITIES, LLC Material Inadequacies Found to Exist or Found to Have Existed Since the Date of the Previous Audit December 31, 2007

None



## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17A-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

L. Rainey Gray

1st BridgeHouse Securities, LLC
Franklin, Tennessee

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of 1<sup>st</sup> BridgeHouse Securities, LLC (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness on the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration on control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of the Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in conformity with

management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulation Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Price CPAs, PLLC February 28, 2008

